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St. James's, October 4.

THIS Day the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons, of the City of London, in Common Council aſſembled, waited on His Majeſty, and being introduced to His Majeſty by the Right Honourable William Finch, Eſq; Vice-Chamberlain, made their Compliments in the following Addreſs, which was ſpoken by Sir William Moreton, Knight, the Recorder.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons, of the City of London, in Common Council aſſembled.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's ever dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons, of your City of London, in Common Council aſſembled, humbly beg Leave to congratulate your Majeſty upon the late ſignal Succeſs with which it has pleaſed the Almighty to bleſs your Majeſty's Arms in the Reduction of the Havannah and its Dependencies (moſt properly ſtiled the Key of the Spaniſh Weſt Indies, and long deemed impregnable) under a Capitulation that does Honour to the Spirit and Humanity of the Britiſh Nation.

It is with the higheſt Pleaſure we reflect upon the Value and Importance of this Conqueſt, attended with the Acquiſition of immenſe Riches, and an irreparable Blow to the Trade and Naval Power of Spain. A Conqueſt, that gives additional Luſtre to an already Glorious and Succeſsful War; and which cannot but ſtrike Terror into an Enemy, not only unprovoked, but inſenſible to the repeated Inſtances of your Majeſty's Good-will, Friendſhip, and Moderation; and convince him, that there is no Attempt, how arduous ſoever, but what, planned and directed by the Wiſdom of your Majeſty's Councils, may, under the Divine Providence, be effected by the Harmony, Activity, and Abilities of ſuch Commanders, and the Valour, Zeal, and Emulation of your Fleets and Armies, regardleſs of any Fatigues or Dangers, where-ever the Glory of their King and Country is concerned.

May the Poſſeſſion of this very valuable Conqueſt, together with other happy Conſequences of your Majeſty's Meaſures, thus wiſely and vigorouſly purſued, prove the Means of effectually defeating the ambitious Views of your Majeſty's Enemies, and of for ever diſſolving the late alarming Compact of the Houſe of Bourbon, calculated to deſtroy the Commerce of your Subjects, and replete with Danger to to the Exiſtence of your Majeſty's ancient and natural Ally, and to the Independance of the reſt of the Powers of Europe.

And we beg Leave humbly to aſſure your Majeſty, that your faithful Citizens of London, animated by the warmeſt Senſe of Duty to your Majeſty, and their Country, will, with unwearied Chearfulneſs, contribute their utmoſt Efforts to ſtrengthen your Majeſty's Hands, until your Enemies, moved by their own repeated Loſſes and Diſtreſſes, ſhall be diſpoſed to liſten to ſuch Terms of Accommodation, as your Royal Wiſdom ſhall think adequate to our Glorious Succeſſes; and ſuch as may effectually ſecure the Trade and Navigation of your Subjects; and prevent the Calamities of a future War.

Signed by Order of Court,
James Hodges.

To which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to return the following moſt gracious Anſwer.

I Return you my Cordial Thanks for this very dutiful and loyal Addreſs, and for the continued Proofs you give Me of your Attachment to My Perſon and Government.

The able Conduct, unwearied Activity, and exemplary Harmony, of my Commanders by Sea and Land, aud the intrepid Valour of My Fleets and Armies, have never been more conſpicuous, than on the preſent Occaſion, and have acquired additionl Glory to the Britiſh Arms.

The ſteady Affections of My People, and their Zeal for the Honour of My Crown, will, I truſt, under the Bleſſing of God, enable me to terminate this juſt War by an equitable, glorious, and laſting Peace.

The Proſperity of the City of London, and the extenſive Trade and Navigation of my faithful Subjects, are, and ever will be, the conſtant Objects of My unwearied Care and Attention.

They were all received very graciouſly; and had the Honour to kiſs His Majeſty's Hand.

His Majeſty was pleaſed to confer the Honour of Knighthood on,

Thomas Challenor, and Henry Bankes, } Eſqrs. Sheriffs of the City of London.

The following Addreſs of the Provoſt, Magiſtrates and Town Council of the City of Stirling, having been tranſmitted by the Right Honourable William Pitt, Eſq; to the Earl of Egremont, one of His Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been preſented to His Majeſty: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Provoſt, Magiſtrates and Town Council of your City of Stirling.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's very dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Provoſt, Magiſtrates and Town Council of your ancient City of Stirling, in Council aſſembled, humbly beg Leave to join, with your other loyal Subjects, in congratulating your Majeſty upon the ſafe and happy Delivery of the Queen, and the auſpicious Birth of a Prince.

The Welfare of the Subject is ſo inſeparably connected with the Proſperity and Happineſs of your Majeſty's Family, that this important Event muſt raiſe in us the moſt grateful Sentiments of the Divine Goodneſs.

May Her Majeſty be thereby quickly reſtored to perfect Health; and Length of Days given the Royal Infant.

Long may your Majeſty live the Ornament and Delight of Britain; the Patron of Liberty; and your examplary Conduct and pious Care, form the Mind of the Prince for the Government of a free People, that

[Price Six Pence.]

that he may inherit the Virtues, as well as in due Time, the Throne of his Illuſtrious Anceſtors.

Done at the City of Stirling aforeſaid, in the Council Room, and appointed to be ſigned in our Name, by our Præſes, the Fourth Day of September, 1762 Years.

Andrew Wallace.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen, Bailiffs and Citizens of the City of Carliſle, has been preſented to His Majeſty by Sir James Lowther, Bart. one of the Repreſentatives in Parliament for the County of Cumberland, being introduced by the Lord of His Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

THE Mayor, Aldermen, Bailiffs and Citizens of the City of Carliſle, beg your Majeſty to accept their ſincere Congratulation on the Birth of a Prince.

A numerous Off-ſpring from your Majeſty's Auguſt Houſe is of the greateſt Conſequence to the Welfare of all your Kingdoms, remarkably flouriſhing under the Government of it; yet we, of this City, have peculiar Reaſon to rejoice at the Increaſe of a Family, under which alone we will, and, under which alone, Experience hath taught us, we can live free.

May your Majeſty, and your Royal Conſort, be favoured with many like Bleſſings; and may all your Children long live to felicitate and reſemble their Parents in every Virtuous and Princely Endowment.

Given under our Common Seal the Eighth Day of September, in the Second Year of your Majeſty's happy Reign over us.

The following Addreſs of the High Sheriff, Lord Lieutenant, Nobility, Clergy and Gentry of the County of Surry, has been preſented to His Majeſty by Bridges Baldwin Eſq; High Sheriff of the County of Surry, (on whom His Majeſty was pleaſed to confer the Honour of Knighthood) being introduced by the Lord of His Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the High Sheriff, Lord Lieutenant, Nobility, Clergy and Gentry of the County of Surry, beg Leave to join with the reſt of our Fellow-Subjects, in offering our hearty Congratulations to your Majeſty on the happy Event of the ſafe Delivery of the Queen, and of the Birth of a Prince.

We felicitate our Country on this joyful Occaſion, as the Increaſe of your Royal Family muſt add to the Stability of your Throne, which we know, by happy Experience, is the ſureſt Means of continuing to our Poſterity, thoſe Bleſſings of Liberty which we ſo fully enjoy. Of this we have the moſt pleaſing Proſpect, in the Conſideration of the Heir Apparent to the Crown of Great Britain, being to have his Mind formed by the Inſtructions of his Royal Parents, who ſo eminently adorn it; and in the fervent Hopes of their living long an Example to him of every Princely Virtue.

Trained under that Example, may he late, very late, ſucceed to the Throne of his Royal Father, and, like you, reign in the Hearts of a Free and Grateful People.

The following Addreſs of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Juſtices of the Peace, Grand Jury, Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Cumberland, has been preſented to His Majeſty by Sir James Lowther, Bart. one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord of His Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Juſtices of the Peace, Grand Jury, Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Cumberland.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

ON this important, and (to this Kingdom) moſt intereſting Event, the ſafe and happy Delivery of your Royal Conſort, and the auſpicious Birth of a Prince, permit us to offer our moſt ſincere Congratulations to your Majeſty.

A Prince thus deſcended, born the Delight of a free and happy People, formed and educated under your Majeſty's Royal Dictates and Example, muſt not only rejoice the Heart of every honeſt Briton, but muſt ſecure to the lateſt Poſterity their Religion, Laws and Liberties, as eſtabliſhed by the Acceſſion of your Royal Anceſtors.

May every great and virtuous Quality, that ſo tranſcendently adorns your Majeſty's Actions and Conduct, deſcend on your Royal Offspring; and in them perpetuate to this Kingdom the Reign of your Illuſtrious Line over a loyal, faithful, free and happy People, ever ſupported by the ſame kind Providence, which hath hitherto rendered all your Majeſty's Efforts ſucceſsful; and may an honourable and laſting Peace, in proper Time concluded, prevent any Interruption in your Majeſty's Domeſtick Happineſs, is the conſtant and moſt ſincere Wiſh of,

Your Majeſty's moſt dutiful Subjects.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Bayliffs and Burgeſſes of the Borough of Chepping Wycombe in the County of Bucks, has been preſented to His Majeſty: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Bayliffs and Burgeſſes of the Borough of Chepping Wycombe, in the County of Bucks.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

PERMIT us, your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the ſaid Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Bayliffs and Burgeſſes of the aforeſaid Borough, to preſent our unfeigned Congratulations to your Majeſty on the ſafe Delivery of your Royal Conſort, and the Birth of his Royal Highneſs the Prince.

So happy and intereſting an Event, on a Day ſo auſpicious to the Liberty of theſe Kingdoms, fills our Hearts with the moſt grateful Sentiments of the Divine Goodneſs, which thus early crowned your Majeſty's Domeſtick Happineſs.

To our Congratulations we humbly beg Leave to add our moſt ardent Wiſhes, that the young Prince, educated under your Majeſty's great and pious Example, may early inherit all your Royal Virtues, and thereby become the Ornament, as well as Delight, of a free, brave, and loyal People.

The following Addreſs of the Bailiff, Steward, Approved Men and Burgeſſes of the Borough of Andevor in the County of Southampton, has been preſented to His Majeſty by Sir John Griffin Griffin, and Sir Francis Blake Delaval, their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord of His Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Bailiff, Steward, Approved Men and Burgeſſes of the Borough of Andevor, in the County of Southampton.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects beg Leave to offer our Congratulations on the Birth of the Prince. An Event which muſt give the moſt ſincere Joy to all your Majeſty's Subjects, as it affords them the pleaſing Proſpect of having the Bleſſings they now enjoy continued down to their Poſterity, under an Illuſtrious Line of Princes, deſcending from your Majeſty and your Royal Conſort, and inheriting thoſe great and diſtinguiſhed Virtues, which we have the Happineſs to ſee adorn the Throne.

That the Divine Providence may bleſs your Majeſty and the Queen with Health and long Life, with

a numerous

ſtance of Happineſs, muſt be the grateful Wiſh and hearty Prayer of all your People.

Given under our Common Seal, this Twenty-fifth Day of September, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty two.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Town Clerk, Brethren and Capital Burgeſſes of the Borough of Derby in the County of Derby, has been preſented to His Majeſty by William Fitzherbert, Eſq; one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord of His Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Town Clerk, Brethren and Capital Burgeſſes of your Majeſty's Ancient Borough of Derby, in the County of Derby, in Common Council aſſembled, humbly beg Leave to preſent to your Majeſty our ſincere Congratulations on the ſafe and happy Delivery of the Queen your Royal Conſort, and on the Birth of his Royal Highneſs the Prince; and to expreſs the Satisfaction we feel, in being aſſured, that both Her Majeſty and the Prince have been bleſſed with a proſperous State of Health, ever ſince this auſpicious Event.

We are ſenſible, that our deareſt Privileges depend on the Perpetuity of your Majeſty's Royal Line: We cannot therefore but rejoice on this Occaſion, as it carries our moſt pleaſing Expectations into future Times; and gives us Reaſon to hope, that, under the Government and Protection of a Race of Princes, deſcending from your Majeſty, inſtructed and animated by your Royal Example, the ſame Bleſſings of Providence, that we ourſelves enjoy, will be handed down to our lateſt Poſterity.

To theſe our Congratulations we add our devout Prayers to the Almighty, beſeeching Him long to eſtabliſh your Throne upon the Hearts of your Subjects, and to bleſs your Arms with Succeſs, as long as the preſent War ſhall continue; and on your Majeſty's Wiſdom we firmly rely, for the Concluſion of it in a ſafe and honourable Peace.

Given under the Common Seal of the ſaid Borough, the Thirteenth Day of September, in the Second Year of your Majeſty's Reign.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Bailiffs, and Commonalty of the Town of Lancaſter, has been preſented to His Majeſty by Francis Reynolds, Eſq; one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord of His Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Bailiffs, and Commonalty of the Town of Lancaſter in Common Council aſſembled.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

TO accept the moſt ſincere Congratulations of your moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Bailiffs and Commonalty of the Town of Lancaſter, in Common Council aſſembled, on the happy Delivery and Recovery of the Queen, and the Birth of a Prince, on a Day moſt eminently diſtinguiſhed, and for ever to be commemorated, as the moſt propitious to theſe Kingdoms.

Suffer us, moſt gracious Sovereign, at the ſame Time we are rejoicing with your Majeſty on this great and important Event, to congratulate our own good Fortune in having the moſt agreeable Proſpect of ſeeing the young Prince educated and inſtructed under the Eye of his Royal Parents; and of his having early inſtilled into his tender Mind, all the Principles of Religion and Virtue, which do Honour to human Nature. From ſuch a Care in the Education of the Heir Apparent to the Crown of Great Britain, directed as he will be by ſuch Precepts, and formed and animated by ſuch Examples, what may not this Nation hope for and expect?

ther of your Family, and your People; that your Throne may be ſurrounded by a numerous Progeny; and that your Majeſty may at length be ſucceeded by an Heir, both to your Virtues and your Dominions, is the ardent Wiſh of us your ever faithful Subjects.

Given under the Common Seal of the Town of Lancaſter this Fifteenth Day of September, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty two.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Bailiffs and Burgeſſes of the Town of Southampton, has been preſented to His Majeſty: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Bailiffs and Burgeſſes of the Town of Southampton.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Bailiffs and Burgeſſes of the Town of Southampton, aſſembled at our moſt ſolemn Anniverſary Meeting this Day held in our Guild-Hall for the Election of Magiſtrates, humbly beg Leave to approach your Majeſty, the Fountain of all Authority; and, amidſt the univerſal Acclamations of all Ranks of People, to expreſs our unfeigned Joy on the Bleſſing vouchſafed by Heaven on your Nuptial Bed by the Birth of a Prince, and the Recovery of your Royal Conſort, our moſt gracious Queen.

This Event, ſo important and eſſential to the Happineſs of your Majeſty and your faithful Subjects, (which are inſeparably connected) we cannot but look upon as an additional Pledge of the Continuance of our moſt excellent Conſtitution in Church and State.

Long may your Majeſty live the Protector of our Religious and Civil Liberties; a ſhining Example to our new Born Prince, and to all your Royal Line, Inheritors of your Crown; and may they, emulating the Glory of their Anceſtors, reign the perpetual Fathers of theſe Nations.

We preſume, Great Sir, to offer to your Majeſty our further Congratulations on the Succeſs of your Majeſty's Arms from the Commencement of your auſpicious Reign, which we hope will conduce to the procuring new Glory to your Majeſty, and Happineſs to your Kingdoms, by a ſafe, honourable, and laſting Peace.

Given under our Common Seal this Seventeenth Day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty two, in the Second Year of your Majeſty's Reign.

The following Addreſs of the Burgeſſes of the Borough of Cockermouth, has been preſented to His Majeſty: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

THE Bailiff and Burgeſſes of the Borough of Cockermouth, beg Leave to congratulate your Majeſty on the Birth of a Prince.

This early Inſtance of Divine Favour to your Majeſty, and to theſe Kingdoms, affords a moſt pleaſing Hope, that our Poſterity may for Ages enjoy the ſame Benefits, reſulting from a virtuous Government, which we feel.

For this End, and for your own more intimate Happineſs and Support, may God grant your Royal Son many Years to improve under your Majeſty's Inſtruction and Example.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Burgeſſes of the Borough of Huntingdon, has been preſented to His Majeſty by the Right Honourable Lord Sandwich, their Recorder, and Robert Jones, Eſq; one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord of His Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen,

dermen, and Burgeſſes of the Borough of Huntingdon.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Burgeſſes of the Borough of Huntingdon, with Hearts full of Tranſport beg Leave to join in with the unanimous Voice of the Nation, in congratulating your Majeſty and your Royal Conſort upon the late auſpicious Event of the Birth of a Prince, who as he is Heir to your Majeſty's Throne, will, we truſt in the Almighty, be alſo Heir to your Virtues.

As Friends to the Liberty and Welfare of theſe Kingdoms, we cannot form a Wiſh more extenſive than that we have already expreſſed; we will therefore only add our moſt fervent Prayers, that your Majeſty may enjoy a long and proſperous Reign, and be bleſſed with a numerous Progeny, who, with ſuch an Example before their Eyes, cannot fail of being trained up in the Paths of Virtue, and will of Courſe, in diſtant Ages, continue to this happy People the Bleſſings they now enjoy.

Given under the Common Seal of the ſaid Borough, the Twenty ninth Day of September, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty two.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgeſſes of Beverley, has been preſented to His Majeſty by George Forſter Tuffnell, Eſq; one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord of His Majeſty's Bed Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgeſſes of Beverley in the County of York.

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, moſt humbly beg Leave to expreſs our moſt unfeigned Congratulations on the happy Accompliſhment of our Wiſhes in the ſafe Delivery of Her Majeſty, and the Birth of your Royal Son.

The Happineſs, which we have enjoyed under the Princes of your Illuſtrious Houſe; the mild and glorious Adminiſtration of your Majeſty; and, above all, the Security of our Religious and Civil Rights, afford us the ſtrongeſt Reaſons to rejoice at every Event, which promiſes the Continuance and Stability of theſe Bleſſings. It is therefore with inexpreſſible Pleaſure that we ſee the Virtues, which adorn your Majeſty, not likely to be confined to the preſent Age, but extended to future Generations. Theſe Hopes cannot be ill grounded, while the Example of every noble Virtue, of every amiable Quality, diſplayed in your Majeſty and your excellent Conſort, will have ſo powerful an Influence in forming the Manners, and directing the Conduct of your Royal Son.

May he long live to be a Bleſſing to your Majeſty; and when, after many Years to come, your Majeſty's Crown ſhall be changed for one that fadeth not away, may it devolve, together with your Virtues, and the Affections of your Subjects, upon him, the riſing Hopes of his Country!

Given under our Common Seal the Thirteenth Day of September, in the Second Year of your Majeſty's Reign.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Capital Burgeſſes and Aſſiſtants of Tiverton, has been preſented to His Majeſty by Thomas Gore and Nathaniel Ryder, Eſqrs. their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord of His Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Capital Burgeſſes, and Aſſiſtants of Tiverton.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE, the Mayor, Capital Burgeſſes, and Aſſiſtants of Tiverton, humbly beg Leave to offer to your Majeſty our dutiful Congratulations on the Birth of a Prince, and the happy Recovery of your Illuſtrious Conſort.

Your Majeſty's truly Paternal Attention to the Intereſt of your Kingdoms, ſeems to have intitled you to the peculiar Regard of Providence; and we rejoice that you have, in this Inſtance, received a Mark of the Divine Favour, which muſt be moſt particularly acceptable to your Royal Mind, as it gratifies the earneſt Deſires of your faithful Subjects.

Your Majeſty's mild, wiſe, and ſucceſsful Adminiſtration, had, indeed, left them no Wiſh, excepting for a farther Security in the various Bleſſings they at preſent enjoy; and they cannot therefore avoid feeling the moſt lively Satisfaction from an Event, which, while it crowns your Majeſty's domeſtick Happineſs, promiſes alſo the Continuance of National Felicity to lateſt Poſterity.

Your Majeſty's flouriſhing Years afford your People the moſt rational Proſpect, that your Royal Progeny will long enjoy the Advantage of your bright Example; and they look forward into the remoteſt Periods of Futurity, with the pleaſing Expectation, that your princely Virtues will be tranſmitted to your Deſcendants; and that Great Britain, under their auſpicious Government, will remain for Ages the Envy and Admiration of the World.

Given under our Common Seal at the Guildhall of Tiverton, this Eighteenth Day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-two.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, Magiſtrates, Bailiffs and Burgeſſes of the Borough of Clifton Dartmouth Hardneſs in the County of Devon, has been preſented to His Majeſty by John Jeffreys, Eſq; one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord of His Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, Magiſtrates, Bailiffs and Burgeſſes of the Borough of Clifton Dartmouth Hardneſs in the County of Devon.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Recorder, Magiſtrates, Bailiffs and Burgeſſes of the Borough of Clifton Dartmouth Hardneſs in the County of Devon, do, with all Humility, crave Leave to offer our ſincereſt Congratulations on the ſafe Delivery of our moſt Gracious Queen, and the Birth of an Heir Apparent to the Throne of theſe Kingdoms.

Attentive, as we always are, to whatever may increaſe the Sum of your Majeſty's Enjoyments, we cannot but contemplate, with a peculiar Pleaſure, the Acceſſion to your private Happineſs reſulting from this moſt deſirable Event. Nor can we, at the ſame Time, fail of perceiving in it the higheſt Object of a National Felicity: A Prince, enlightened by the Admonitions, and influenced by the Example, of a Patriot King, affords the faireſt and moſt pleaſing Proſpect of becoming another Father of his Country, in due Time to bleſs this Favoured Land.

With the warmeſt Gratitude we acknowledge our Obligations to the Divine Favour, in opening to our View this delightful Scene; with the utmoſt Fervour we emplore, that nothing may ever ariſe to diſturb it; but that the ſame affectionate Concern for the Publick Welfare and Proſperity, the ſame inviolable Attachment to the Intereſts of Virtue and Religion, which have been ſo eminently conſpicuous under your Majeſty's auſpicious Reign, may, with the Crown of theſe Realms, be continued, in your Illuſtrious Line, to the moſt diſtant Period.

Given at the Guildhall of the ſaid Borough, under our Great Seal, the 16th of September, 1762.

The

The following Addreſs of the Bailiffs, High Steward, Recorder and Freemen of the Corporation of Kingſton upon Thames in the County of Surry, has been preſented to His Majeſty by George Onſlow, Eſq; one of the Repreſentative in Parliament for the County of Surry, being introduced by the Lord of his Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The moſt humble Addreſs of the Bailiffs, High Steward, Recorder and Freemen of your Majeſty's ancient Corporation of Kingſton upon Thames in the County of Surry.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE the Bailiffs, High Steward, Recorder and Freemen of the ancient and loyal Corporation of Kingſton upon Thames, beg Leave to join in the general Congratulations of our Fellow-Subjects, upon the Birth of his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales; an Event of infinite Importance to the Stability and Permanency of the Liberties and Happineſs of our Country. We preſume likewiſe, moſt gracious Sovereign, to teſtify our Joy on the Recovery of Her Majeſty, and do moſt ardently wiſh, that many Branches may ariſe from your Illuſtrious Houſe, emulating your Majeſty's publick and domeſtick Virtues, taught by your Precept, and led by your Example, like your Majeſty, firm in the Maintenance of the Civil and Religious Rights and Liberties of their Country, and thereby convey to Poſterity the ineſtimable Bleſſings we happily enjoy under your Majeſty's auſpicious Reign.

Given under our Common Seal, in the Guildhall of our ſaid Town, the Twenty-ſeventh Day of September, in the Second Year of your Majeſty's Reign, and in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-two.

Peterſburg, Auguſt 27, *O. S.* The Court's Departure for Moſcow is fixed for the Beginning of next Month; and Yeſterday the Great Duke, attended by M. Panin his Governor, began his Journey for that Capital.

Breſlau, September 19. The Head Quarter is ſtill at Peterſwald u, and we have not heard that Marſhal Daun has made any Movement.

This is now the Forty Third Day ſince the Trenches were opened before Schweidnitz.

Camp at Brucker Muhl near Rodecker upon the Ohme, September 24. The Enemy having on the 7th made a general Movemen from the Camp at Fridberg towards Giefſen, by their Left, His Serene Highneſs, on the 8th, ordered the Army to march by the Right, to occupy the Poſition behind the Ohme, which was effected on the 10th, 11th and 12th, Luckner's Corps encamping on the Heights of Langeaſſein; the main Body of the Army at Schwinsburg; General Hardenberg, with Part of the Hereditary Prince's Corps, on the Heights of Hombourg; Lord Granby's Reſerve occupied the Heights of Maulbach; and General Bock, with the Troops that had formed the Rear Guard of the Army, was encamped on the Heights oppoſite to Burgemunden, on the Left of the Whole. In Conſequence of the Enemy's Motions by Marbourg towards Wetter, the Army moved on the 13th to Kirchayn, and 14th to Schwartzenborn. The Generals Luckner and Conway were puſhed on to the Neighbourhood of Ernſhauſen, to cut off the Enemy's Communication with Franckenberg. Lord Granby's Reſerve, being joined by Part of Hardenberg's and Bock's Corps, with the Light Troops of the Left Wing, occupied the Heights of Homburg.

The Enemy's main Army was now in the Neighbourhood of Nieder-Weimar, and Marburg; and That of the Prince of Condé was encamped on the Heights of Groſsfellen. The Light Troops, under M. de Levis, occupied Wetter, and the high Ground immediately behind it.

On the 15th his Serene Highneſs reſolved to diſlodge the Enemy from Wetter; and for this Purpoſe the Corps of Luckner and Conway were ordered to march by Amenau and Schwartzbach, while the main Army occupied the Heights of Ober-Roſa, Nieder-Roſa, and Melnaw. Lord Granby's Reſerve, which had moved on the 14th to Schonſtadt, was ordered to hold itſelf in Readineſs to march, either to ſuſtain the Army, or to move to its Left, if the Enemy ſhould attempt to paſs the Ohme any where between Kirchayn and Burgemunden.

After ſome Cannonading, the Enemy thought proper to quit Wetter, and the Heights, which were immediately after taken Poſſeſſion of by the Corps of Luckner and Conway; and the Army encamped where it had formed in Order of Battle.

On the Movement which the Army made to its Right towards Wetter, the Enemy paſſed the Ohme with a large Body of Light Troops under the Command of M. de St. Victor, and attempted to deſtroy our Bakery, then juſt removing from Alsfeldt. Freytag was ordered to march from Homburg to protect it, which he did very opportunely. Upon Freytag's quitting Homburg, the Enemy paſſed the Ohme with another Body of Troops, moſtly Cavalry, near Nieder-Uffleyden; and puſhing towards Nieder-Klein, Lord Granby was ordered, with Part of the Reſerve, to march to attack them, wherever they could be met with on this Side the Ohme.

On our advancing on the 16th in the Morning, the Enemy retired: They appeared to wiſh to keep Schweinsburg, but, on cannonading them, they retired. General Hardenberg was left with ſix Battallions and eight Squadrons on the Heights of Rodecker; and the Reſt of the Reſerve marched to Stautzenbach.

On the 17th in the Morning the Enemy carried off one of Hardenberg's Poſts at the Brucker-Muhl, poſted in a Fleche beyond the Ohme.

On the 18th, General Wangenheim was detached to Danrod, with three Battalions and four Squadrons, to ſupply Freytag's Place, who was ſtill in Queſt of the Enemy's Light Troops.

On Prince Xavier's advancing towards Homburg on the 19th, Wangenheim's Corps was reinforced; and the Enemy having made a Movement to he Right to Gros-Seelheim an Mardoff; Lord Granby's Reſerve, being replaced by General Weſſenbach with ten Heſſian Battalions and eight Squadrons at Stauzenbach, marched to the Heights behind Kirchayn, where it arrived at Day-break on the Morning of the 21ſt.

At this Time Amonebourg was occupied by a Battalion of the Britiſh Legion, and a Detachment of 200 Men from the Reſerve. Kirchayn had a Garriſon of 400 Men; and the Bridge over the Ohme at the Brucker-Muhl was guarded by a Detachment of of 200 Men from Hardenburg, the greateſt Part of which were poſted in a ſmall Work on this Side of the Bridge.

About Six in the Morning of the 21ſt, the Weather being extremely foggy, the Enemy attacked the Poſt at the Brucker-Muhl, which they cannonaded, and attacked with Small Arms. On the Fog's clearing up, it was perceived that they had both Cavalry and Infantry formed on the Height beyond the Bridge. Our Cannon being ready, their Cavalry was cannonaded and diſperſed: Their Infantry likewiſe gave Way, but were ſoon ſupported by freſh Troops. The Cannonade and Fire of Small Arms continued very ſevere on both Sides. In the mean Time, General Waldegrave, (who had taken the Command of the Reſerve, on Lord Granby's being ill of a Fever) was ordered to ſupport the Brucker-Muhl. This Succour came juſt in the proper Time, as the Hanoverian Troops had already ſuffered much, and their Ammunition of every Kind was almoſt ſpent. The Firſt Battalion of Britiſh Guards marched immediately down to relieve them, and the Enemy kept conſtantly throwing in freſh Troops into a little Work which they had beyond the Bridge. Our heavy 12 Pounders arrived at this Time, and played with great Succeſs. The Enemy, on their Part, ſtill kept bringing up more Cannon. The Duke ordered us up for heavy 12 Pounders, and three Hawitzers from the Army, which arrived juſt at the Time, when, from

dermen, and Knights of the Bath [illegible]

ſome of our Guns being diſabled, and the growing Scarcity of Ammunition, our Fire began to abate. Four Heſſian Battalions were likewiſe ordered up. The Fire on both Sides was kept up (both of Cannon and Small Arms) with the utmoſt Severity, and moſt determined Reſolution, till dark Night at laſt put an End to it. There was no Attempt on either Side to paſs the Bridge; but freſh Troops were ſent to ſupport the Poſts, which each had on the oppoſite Banks of the River, as faſt as the former Reliefs had expended their Ammunition. The whole Affair laſted Fourteen Hours, without one Moment's Intermiſſion. Never did Troops bear with more Firmneſs, and Reſolution, ſo long, and ſo ſevere a Cannonade. Our Loſs is between Seven and Eight Hundred Men in Killed and Wounded; that of the Enemy, by all Accounts, is much greater.

Hague, October 1. Letters from the Army of the 25th paſt, bring an Account of a very obſtinate and bloody Affair, which happened on the 21ſt, between the Corps under the Marqueſs of Granby, and General Zaſtrow, poſted at the Brucker Muhl upon the Ohme, near Amonebourg, and a Part of the French Army. The French Generals de Caſtries, and Narſfeldt, are ſaid to have been dangerouſly wounded therein; but we have as yet no other Particulars of their Loſs.

The following is the moſt exact Accounts that we have hitherto received of that Action.

The Enemy having on the 19th of laſt Month conſiderably reinforced their Right by marching the whole Corps de Reſerve towards Deckenbach, and poſting the greateſt Part of their Army between Holtzhauſen and Baue bach, General Wangenheim had taken Poſſeſſion of the Heights of Dannerode, with Ahlefeldt's and Goldacker's Brigades, eight Squadrons of Hanoverians, and ſeven Battalions of the ſame Troops which had compoſed the Corps under the Hereditary Prince: Four Squadrons of General Bock's Corps, and the Carabineers, occupied the Heights of Rodeken; Beckwith's Brigade, Thoſe of the Engliſh Guards, and of Malsburg, the Heights of Langenſtein; and General Wiſſenbach that of Staugenbach. The reſt of the Army remained in its former Poſition, from Bodenhauſen to Bettgeſdorff, whilſt the Corps under Luckner, Conway, and Gilſae, lay between Wartzebach and Wettern.

In the Night between the 20th and 21ſt, the Enemy reſolved to get Poſſeſſion of Amonebourg, which was defended by one Battalion of Cruſe and 200 Commande's. With this View they raiſed ſeveral Batteries, and took Poſſeſſion, in the Night, of the Brucker-Muhl, where they raiſed a ſmall Breaſtwork, and a Kind of Trench to ſecure the Entrance.

A Redoubt on this Side of the River, and juſt oppoſite the Bridge, was defended by 100 Men, whom they attacked in the Morning, but without being able to carry it. They planted at the ſame Time ſome Cannon, at the Foot of the Hill of Amonebourg, about 200 Paces from the Bridge, in order to bear on the Redoubt. It appeared, that their Intention at firſt, in taking Poſſeſſion of the Mill, was only to cut off our Communication with Amonebourg; but the Fog, with the Fire of their Cannon, giving it the Appearance of a Deſign of more Conſequence, we brought up ſeveral Pieces of Artillery. Lord Granby's whole Corps moved that Way: General Wiſſenbach marched to Kirchayn, and eight Battalions and four Squadrons into the Wood of Stautzenberg. In Proportion as the Number of our Cannon increaſed, that of the Enemy did ſo likewiſe, till they had brought up 20 Pieces of Heavy Artillery. On our Side all the Heſſian, and Buckeburgh, and Half of the Hanoverian Artillery, was placed upon the Height of Brucker-Muhl; and from Break of Day till Dark Night, a moſt terrible Firing continued without Intermiſſion. We maintained the Redoubt, and the Enemy the Mill. Hiſtory, I believe, can ſcarce furniſh an Inſtance of ſo obſtinate a Diſpute; in which the Loſs on either Side may eaſily be conceived to be conſiderable. The Troops in the Redoubt were conſtantly relieved, after having fired 60 Charges: And towards the Cloſe of the Day, ſeventeen compleat Battalions had been employed on that Service. The Redoubt was expoſed to the Fire of the Enemy's Artillery at the Diſtance of about 300 Paces; and to that of all their Small Arms, within 30 Paces Diſtance; beſides that the Troops, coming coming and going, were obliged to march near 400 Paces, expoſed to the Enemy's Cannon, loaded with Grape Shot. The Enemy's Situation was nearly the ſame, excepting that the Mill afforded them rather more Shelter. This, in general, is the Whole of the Affair. The oldeſt Soldiers ſay, they never ſaw ſo ſevere a Cannonade; ſince, though there were near 50 Pieces of Cannon employed, their Execution was confined to the Space of about 400 Paces; and not only the Fire of the Artillery, but the Muſquetry too of the two oppoſite Poſts, was not intermitted a ſingle Inſtant, for near 15 Hours. Towards the Concluſion of the Affair, the Number of the Killed and Wounded, at the Entrance of, and in the Redoubt, on our Side, ſeemed to exceed 500; ſo that the Troops, which came there late in the Day, made Uſe of the dead Bodies to raiſe the Parapet a little, which was almoſt levelled; and within a very ſmall Compaſs, 1700 of the Enemy's Cannon Balls have been ſince taken up.

While the Enemy were attacking the Redoubt, they played likewiſe ſome Batteries on Amonebourg, and aſſaulted it three Times, but without Succeſs. On the 22d every Thing was quiet, and the Works on both Sides were repaired without the leaſt Moleſtation. We raiſed a conſiderable Work on the Heigh., exactly over-againſt the Stone Gallows.

The Entrance of Kirchayn is fortified in the ſame Manner; and Lord Granby's whole Corps is between the Kleine and Schweirſberg: General Wiſſenbach is on the Height of Kirchayn; and the main Body between Stautzenberg and Schonſtadt.

After a Fire from the Enemy, which laſted all Night, and by which they had made a practicable Breach, the Garriſon of Amonebourg ſurrendered Priſoners. In Conſequence of which, on the 23d, the Enemy puſhed forward the Right of their Camp, and poſted a Body between Amonebourg and Kleinſeelheim.

Return of the killed, wounded and miſſing of the Britiſh Troops at the Brucker-Muhl, September 21, 1762.

BRIGADE of GUARDS.

Grenadiers. 1 Rank and File, *killed.* 6 R. and F. *wounded.*

Firſt Regiment. 1 Field Officer, 5 R. and F. *killed.* 42 R. and F. *wounded.* 2 R. and F. *miſſing.*

Cold Stream Regiment. 1 Captain, 1 Enſign, 2 R. and F. *killed*; 1 Captain, 2 Serjeants, 1 Drummer, 23 R. and F. *wounded.*

Third Regiment. 2 Serjeants, 8 R. and F. *killed.* 1 Field-Officer, 3 Enſigns, 3 Serjeants, 43 R. and F. *wounded.*

Colonel BECKWITH's BRIGADE.

Euſtace's. 9 R. and F. *killed.* 2 Lieutenants, 30 R. and F. *wounded.* 1 R. and F. *miſſing.*

Maxwell's. 1 Captain, 5 R. and F. *killed.* 1 Lieutenant, 2 Serjeants, 3 Drummers, 29 R. and F. *wounded.*

Keith's. 9 R. and F. *killed.* 1 Lieutenant, 2 Serjeants, 21 R. and F *wounded.*

Campbell's. 1 Field Officer, 12 R. and F. *killed.* 1 Captain, 1 Serjeant, 37 R. and F. *wounded.* 1 R. and F. *miſſing.*

Names of Officers killed and wounded.

Firſt Regiment of Guards. Lieutenant Colonel Manlove, *killed.*

Coldſtream Regiment. Captain Twiſleton, Enſign Clive, *killed.* Captain Wyvil, *wounded.*

Third Regiment. Lieutenant Colonel Hale, Enſign Gwynne, Enſign Byron, Enſign Girardat, *wounded.*

Euſtace's. Lieutenant Palmer, Lieutenant Baily, *wounded.*

Maxwell's.

Maxwell's. Captain Reynell, *killed.* Lieutenant Ferguſon, *wounded.*

Keith's. Lieutenant Barlard, *wounded*

Campbell's. Major M'Lean, *killed.* Captain Peter Campbell, *wounded.*

TOTAL LOSS.

	Killed.	*Wounded.*	*Miſſing.*
Field Officers	2	1	0
Captains	2	2	0
Lieutenants and Enſigns	1	7	0
Serjeants	2	10	0
Drummers	0	4	0
Rank and File	51	231	4
Total	58	255	4

Liſt of the killed, wounded and miſſing of the Hanoverian Corps in the Action of the 21ſt of September, 1762, near Amonebourg.

Bock's Dragoons. 1 Rank and File, *killed.* 1 Horſe, *killed.*

INFANTRY.

Block's Regiment. 1 Serjeant, 6 R. and F. *killed.* 2 Officers, 2 Serjeants, 31 R. and F. *wounded.* 2 R. and F. *miſſing.* Heavy Artillery, 3 Horſes, *killed.* 2 Matroſſes, *wounded.*

Kielmanſegge's. 2 Officers, 9 R. and F. *killed.* 1 Officer, 1 Serjeant, 26 R. and F. *wounded.* 9 R. and F. *miſſing.*

Prince Charles of Mecklenburg's. 1 Officer, 16 R. and F. *killed.* 1 Officer, 4 Serjeants, 28 R. and F. *miſſing.* Heavy Artillery, 2 Matroſſes, 6 Horſes, *killed.* 1 Subaltern, 1 Gunner, 2 Matroſſes, *wounded.*

Eſtorff's. 1 Officer, 21 R. and F. *killed.* 1 Officer, 27 R. and F. *wounded.* Heavy Artillery, 1 Matroſs, *wounded.*

Krauſhaar's. 1 Serjeant, 10 R. and F. *killed.* 1 Officer, 5 Serjeants, 24 R. and F. *wounded.* Heavy Artillery, 4 Horſes, *killed.*

Meding's. 3 Officers, 1 Serjeant, 19 R. and F. *killed.* 1 Officer, 4 Serjeants, 26 R. and F. *wounded.* 2 R. and F. *miſſing.* Heavy Artillery, 1 Matroſs, *wounded.*

Linſing's, No Loſs.

Buckeburg, Heavy Artillery. 1 Subaltern, 2 Gunners, 6 Matroſſes, 5 Horſes, *killed.* 4 Gunners, 8 Matroſſes, *wounded.*

TOTAL LOSS.

	Killed.	*Wounded.*	*Miſſing.*
Officers,	7	7	0
Serjeants,	3	16	0
Rank and File,	82	162	13
Artillery.			
Subalterns,	1	1	0
Gunners,	2	5	0
Matroſſes,	8	14	0
Total,	103	205	13

Horſes, 19 *killed.*

Cannon rendered unſerviceable.

2 Cannon of the Regiment of Meding.
1 Ditto of Block's.
1 Ditto of Prince Charles's.

Admiralty-Office, September 13, 1762.

Notice is hereby given, that in Purſuance to the Direction of an Act of Parliament paſſed in the 32d Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, entituled, An Act for the Encouragement of Seamen, and the more effectual Manning His Majeſty's Navy, and for the Prevention of Piracies and Robberies by Crews of Private Ships of War, a Seſſion of Oyer and Terminer and Goal Delivery for the Tryal of Offences committed on the High Seas within the Juriſdiction of the Admiralty of England, will be held on Friday the 29th Day of October next, at Juſtice Hall in the Old Bailey, London, at Eight of the Clock in the Morning. J. Clevland.

General Poſt Office, July 24, 1762.

Whereas the Poſt Boy bringing the Mail from Bath, was, on the 22d Inſtant, between the Hours of Ten and Eleven o'Clock at Night, attacked in his Way to Petty France in Glouceſterſhire, and robbed by three Foot Pads in Sailors Habits, of the Mail containing the following Bags, viz. The Bag from Bath for London, *and alſo the Bye Bag from Bath for* Tedbury, Cirencester, Farringdon, *and* Oxford.

This is to give Notice, that whoever ſhall apprehend and convict, or cauſe to be apprehended and convicted, the Perſons concerned in committing the ſaid Robbery, of whom no particular Deſcriptions are as yet come to hand, will be entitled to a Reward of Two Hundred Pounds, *over and above the Reward given by Act of Parliament: Or if any Perſon or Perſons, whether an Accomplice in the ſaid Robbery, or knowing thereof, ſhall make Diſcovery whereby any of the Perſons concerned in the ſame may be apprehended and brought to Juſtice, ſuch Diſcoverer or Diſcoverers ſhall, upon Conviction of any of the Parties, be intitled to the ſame Reward of* Two Hundred Pounds, *and alſo His Majeſty's moſt gracious Pardon.*

By Command of the Poſt-maſter General,
Henry Potts, *Secretary.*

Navy Office, September 22, 1762.

The Principal Officers and Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Navy give Notice, that on Tueſday the 12th of next Month, at Ten of the Clock in the Morning, Commiſſioner Hughes will expoſe to Sale, at the Pay Office in His Majeſty's Yard at Portſmouth, Several Lots of old Stores, conſiſting of old Canvas in Paper Stuff, old Colours, with Sabling in Rags, old Hammacoes with Clews, decayed Locks and Pieces, and Smiths Bellows, old caſt Iron Pots and Furnaces, decayed Nail Bags and Pieces, and Canvas Hoſes, decayed Hand Landthorns and Pieces, old Rope, ditto in Paper Stuff, Junk in Paper Stuff, White Ocham, Hemp Rubbiſh, damaged Hemp, decayed worming and Spun Yarn, Shakings, ditto decayed, and ſhort Pieces of old Rope in Paper Stuff, lying in the ſaid Yards, where ſuch Perſons as are willing to be Purchaſers, may have the Liberty of viewing them at any Time in the common Working Hours of the Yard, till the Day of Sale, And as a Depoſit of 25 l. per Cent. or in Proportion thereto, is to be made by the Perſons who ſhall purchaſe the ſaid Stores, all Perſons that ſhall attend the ſaid Sale, are to take Notice thereof, and come prepared for that Purpoſe. And unleſs the Stores ſo purchaſed ſhall be paid for and taken away at the End of forty Days, after the Day of Sale, the Depoſit ſhall be forfeited, and become the Property of the Crown.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Companies of His Majeſty's Ships undermentioned, who were actually on board at taking of the L'Immaculata Conceptione y St. Ignucio de Leiola, under Pope's Colours, by His Majeſty's Ship St. Albans, Capt. Edward Vernon, off Cadiz, that their reſpective Shares of the Produce of the ſaid Prize will be paid them on the following Days, at the French Horn in Crutched Fryers, London, viz. Prince and St. Albans the 18th Inſtant. Newark and Lyme the 19th Inſtant Culloden and Conqueror the 20th Inſtant. Jerſey, Tartar's Prize, and Gramont the 21ſt Inſtant: And the Shares remaining unpaid will be recalled at the ſame Place the firſt Thurſday in every Month for three Years, by Oliver Toulmin, of Crutched Fryers, for

Tho. Tierney, Henry Blanckley, } *of Gibraltar,*
John Lewis, and Robert Hardy, } *Agents.*

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of His Majeſty's Armed Cutter Revenge, who were actually on board at taking of the St. Joſeph, a Spaniſh Prize, that they will be paid their reſpective Shares on board the Revenge at Plymouth, the 15th Inſtant,

or